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      UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
      SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
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      In re SKAT Tax Refund Scheme
                                               18 Civ. 4047 (LAK)
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     Litigation
                                               (And related cases)
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                                               Conference
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                                               New York, N.Y.
                                               June 26, 2018
                                               11:05 a.m.
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     Before:
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                           HON. LEWIS A. KAPLAN,
                                               District Judge
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                                APPEARANCES
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1 (Case called)
2 THE COURT: Good morning, everybody.

ALL COUNSEL: Good morning.

THE COURT: Who's going to speak on behalf of the plaintiffs?

MR. WEINSTEIN: Marc Weinstein from Hughes Hubbard & Reed, your Honor. Good morning.

THE COURT: Good morning.

And for the defendants?

MR. ALLISON: Good morning, your Honor. Mark Allison for a group of about 45 or so defendants, but I've been asked to speak for everybody this morning.

THE COURT: Okay. Fine.

All right, then. I've read a few of these complaints, but I think it would be helpful to get some basic information so I have some idea where we ought to be going.

First of all, how many of these cases are there, Mr. Weinstein?

MR. WEINSTEIN: Your Honor, there are 49 filed and assigned to your Honor in the Southern District; in total in federal court, there are 140. There are ten other districts where there are cases filed. Your Honor has the most of those. And there are a few state court cases.

THE COURT: How many other? Oh, you said ten other districts?

1 MR. WEINSTEIN: Ten other districts, yes. THE COURT: Of the ten other districts, which one has 2 3 the largest number of cases and how many? 4 MR. WEINSTEIN: The District of New Jersey, there's 36 5 filed cases. 6 THE COURT: And who are they before, or are they 7 spread out? 8 MR. WEINSTEIN: No, I think, your Honor, they were 9 assigned to one judge, I believe in Trenton. And I just at the 10 moment don't have the name of the judge in front of me. 11 THE COURT: Are plaintiffs the same in all these 12 cases? 13 MR. WEINSTEIN: Yes, your Honor. 14 THE COURT: And why are they spread all over the country? 15 16 MR. WEINSTEIN: For jurisdictional reasons, your 17 Honor. As far as personal jurisdiction, we want to ensure that 18 we're filing in a district in which we did not believe any defendant would have a personal jurisdiction argument. 19 20 THE COURT: Is there an MDL motion pending? 21 MR. WEINSTEIN: There is not one pending, your Honor, 22 but it is certainly under consideration. 23 THE COURT: Are defendants likely to move or who's 24 going to move?

MR. ALLISON: Your Honor, we do expect to move for

1 dismissal on all these cases.

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THE COURT: I'm talking about multidistrict.

MR. ALLISON: Oh, I'm sorry. It is something that we are talking about internally, your Honor, but I think that we are wanting to see where this goes in terms of an initial motion to dismiss before we evaluate whether to do that.

THE COURT: Before you?

MR. ALLISON: Before we evaluate where we're going to go from there. Obviously if the case --

THE COURT: So you're going to have motions to dismiss in 11 districts?

MR. ALLISON: We prefer to obviously have one consolidated motion to dismiss, but at this juncture, because we've got different schedules in different districts, some are more pregnant than others.

THE COURT: Some are?

MR. ALLISON: I'm not sure the timing will work to do that.

THE COURT: What do you mean some are more pregnant than others? I thought that was a binary problem.

MR. ALLISON: Well, I guess that's yet to be decided, your Honor. We have some cases with response dates that have already been set.

THE COURT: Response dates; that is to say, responses to the complaint, answers to the complaint?

MR. ALLISON: Yes, correct, your Honor. So we're already set with some dates in some districts; others, like this one, we don't have a date certain yet, so I'm not sure how we would coordinate that, but obviously it's in our interests to try to develop an efficient mechanism to dispose of all the cases for sure.

THE COURT: Are there any defendants who would have a problem consenting to 1404 transfers and waiving whatever personal jurisdiction or venue issues might exist?

MR. ALLISON: It's not a question we've asked, your Honor. I'm not aware that there would be any specific problem, but we have not asked that question.

THE COURT: Well, I suggest you do.

MR. ALLISON: Sure.

THE COURT: It strikes me as making very little sense to have two or six or eleven districts dealing with motions to dismiss on what I haven't asked yet but assume are likely to be common grounds.

MR. ALLISON: Agreed, your Honor. Agreed.

THE COURT: And is my assumption right that the grounds would likely be common?

MR. ALLISON: As far as we can tell, they would be the same in every district, yes.

THE COURT: Okay. So let's jump ahead. Tell me what that might be.

MR. ALLISON: Well, I think, first of all, your Honor, as you can tell from the complaints, SKAT is a Danish taxing authority that is seeking collection of amounts that it alleges are unpaid in Denmark. This obviously invokes the revenue rule, which I'm sure your Honor is familiar with.

THE COURT: I've heard of it.

MR. ALLISON: I'm sure you have. And we're aware of that. So obviously that's going to be a principal issue.

In addition, your Honor, without being specific, a number of the cases or possibly all of them are in the middle of administrative proceedings back in Denmark, at various levels, where there has either not been a final determination or there are ongoing appeal rights that are being currently exercised or will be timely exercised in Denmark. So obviously there's an element of this being premature, in our view.

And then of course there are issues about whether there's been a proper -- or a failure to state a claim here properly. Particularly given that this is a fraud case, we're concerned about the lack of particularities in the complaints.

THE COURT: Well, tell me what the concern about that is.

MR. ALLISON: Specifically, in these complaints, your Honor?

THE COURT: I read at least a number of the complaints, and I thought that the fraud claim -- and no doubt

you'll correct me, but I thought the fraud claim was that a 1 representation was made by or on behalf of every single 2 3 defendant to the effect that the person who ultimately received 4 the payment had paid, had obtained a refund premised on their 5 ownership of stock in Danish companies, when in truth and in 6 fact they didn't own the stock that they claimed, right? 7 MR. ALLISON: That is the generalized explanation that 8 you do see in every complaint. 9 THE COURT: What's the lack of particularity about 10 that? 11 MR. ALLISON: The lack of particularity is as it 12 relates to each individual defendant and what their particular 13 conduct was, what their particular knowledge was, and how or 14 whether they knew of this allegation, assuming it's even true. 15 THE COURT: Okay. I understand that. Not so much 16 perhaps what the substance of the allegedly fraudulent 17 representation was, but scienter, basically, right? 18 MR. ALLISON: Correct, your Honor. 19 THE COURT: Okay. All right. Let's see. Thank you, 20 Mr. Allison. 21 MR. ALLISON: Thank you. 22 THE COURT: Mr. Weinstein, what do you have to say? 23 MR. WEINSTEIN: That's an open-ended question.

your Honor, this is the first conference before any of the

First, just on the status of the various proceedings,

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district court judges, so there actually haven't been schedules set in any case. There was an agreement in one of the districts, on consent, to set a response date of July 27th.

But there have been no --

THE COURT: This is for answers or motions.

MR. WEINSTEIN: Or motions, yes. But there have been no other scheduling orders issued by any of the other courts.

With respect to motions, they have motions to make, obviously we'll respond to those, but we feel the cases should proceed and not just --

THE COURT: And the your revenue rule argument is it's not a tax collection case, it's essentially a commercial fraud case, in which the plaintiff happens to be a government agency.

MR. WEINSTEIN: Correct.

THE COURT: Okay. So I have the picture.

MR. WEINSTEIN: Yes, your Honor.

I should add, your Honor, just as far as status goes, if we're up to this, we have actually had a chance to discuss with I think almost all of the defense attorneys here -- one has appeared this morning, so I'm not sure he's had a chance to look. But we have an agreed-upon case management order, based on your Honor's order, that we can propose to the Court. All parties have agreed to it other than perhaps one who might not have had a chance, but --

THE COURT: Do you have it to hand up?

1 MR. WEINSTEIN: I can hand up a copy, your Honor, yes. 2 THE COURT: Thank you. 3 MR. WEINSTEIN: And in addition to that, your Honor, 4 because it's not on that order, I think we've all agreed that 5 the response date here of an answer or motion would be 6 August 15th. 7 MR. ALLISON: Yes, that's correct. And your Honor, I think that would be an omnibus submission amongst all the 8 9 defendants. 10 THE COURT: I'm sorry. A response date to a motion or 11 the date by which the motion is to be filed? 12 MR. WEINSTEIN: To be filed, either answer or motion. 13 THE COURT: Well, I take it you're going to move 14 against the complaint, right? 15 MR. ALLISON: Well, just based on what I explained, 16 your Honor, yes, I would expect to. 17 THE COURT: Yes, right. 18 Now this form of order that you handed up lists 10 19 cases, right, out of the 49 assigned to me. 20 MR. WEINSTEIN: It's one of the orders that issued 21 from the Court, because this was going to be just a proposal 22 for your Honor to -- which we've handed it up on this form, but 23 it would apply across all 49, and we would fill those out 24 accordingly if your Honor approves the schedule.

THE COURT: Okay. Now since both sides are

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contemplating the possibility of MDL motions, we'll start with you, Mr. Weinstein. What's common and what's different about these cases?

MR. WEINSTEIN: There is quite a lot of commonality, actually, your Honor. There is not a lot of difference.

Obviously there may be some nuances on the edges of the facts, but essentially in all the cases they filed the same forms, they all had the same, you know, things that went in with the form, the same power of attorneys, the same proof of ownership, or purported proof of ownership, and they all got refunds back in return. So there is certainly commonality in the facts.

THE COURT: So because I want to understand, when you say they filed the same forms, is it correct for me to infer that each and every one of them claimed to own stock in the Danish company in question? The particular company varied, but they each made the same claim with respect to the stock, and it's your position that that was a false representation or an inaccurate representation, putting to one side the question for the moment whether it was fraudulent?

MR. WEINSTEIN: That's right.

THE COURT: Okay. Now is there likely, Mr. Allison, to be any dispute about the fact that although the representation in each case was about a different company or companies, or at least a multitude of companies, that the representation was made because it was there on the form and

somebody signed it, right?

MR. ALLISON: Well, I can't say for certainty, your Honor, that that's true in every case because we haven't done our own diligence to evaluate that. I don't dispute the sort of common pattern that plaintiff is suggesting. That may or may not be the case. But what I don't know is the nature of the representations that may have been made, whether that was the same representation made in every case. Again, there are knowledge issues, scienter issues.

THE COURT: That's a different question. I'm just focused on the assertion that they owned stock in the Danish company.

MR. ALLISON: We don't know that across the board, your Honor, at this point.

THE COURT: Okay. Do you have any information to the effect that it was any different? What I'm hearing from Mr. Weinstein essentially is that there was a standard practice and there was a form that had to be filled out and the form had to say X. Just like if you pay withholding tax on an employee, it says, I have the following employees and here's what I paid them this month, and here's the tax I owed. And if somebody leaves an employee off, well, the statement at the end that this is the fact is wrong. It may be for a different employee. But you followed a pattern.

MR. ALLISON: I have no reason to doubt the

representation that that is the common thread amongst all these cases, but I don't know that for sure.

THE COURT: So we're going to have some individual issues with respect to knowledge and scienter in respect of the fraud claim; there are also other theories, I understand, in which that may not be an essential element, right?

MR. ALLISON: Correct.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Weinstein, is there any claim that there was a common scheme to do this that links these cases?

MR. WEINSTEIN: Yes, in various ways. For example, before your Honor alone, I believe in 21 of the cases, Roger Lehman is a named defendant because he was the authorized representative signing some of the forms on behalf of 21 different plans, so certainly as to him, there's commonality. I think there are other links. And then it is quite possible, but I think discovery will show that there are higher-level links of people who may not have been sued yet.

THE COURT: Higher level meaning what?

MR. WEINSTEIN: There have certainly been reports in the press that there's an individual named Sanjay Shah who sort of masterminded this whole thing. Whether he is actually linked to all of the, at the moment, 140 plans that have been sued in federal court, we don't know and discovery will show, but --

THE COURT: Has he been sued? 1 Not in the US. 2 MR. WEINSTEIN: 3 THE COURT: Where is he? 4 MR. WEINSTEIN: Where is? 5 THE COURT: Where is he? 6 MR. WEINSTEIN: There are reports that he's in I 7 believe Dubai, and that I think he was a British citizen but has since made his way to Dubai. 8 9 THE COURT: Do your complaints allege that these 10 refund claims, all or mostly or to some degree, ultimately are 11 traceable back to some bright idea that Mr. Shah or somebody 12 else or some small group had? 13 MR. WEINSTEIN: They don't. There are certainly 14 things we don't know that only discovery will show as to links 15 to Mr. Shah. I think what the complaints do allege, your Honor, is that each of these essentially mirror each other in 16 17 how they were effectuated, but as to whether they are, one or 18 more, linked to Mr. Shah, we don't make those allegations in 19 the complaint. 20 THE COURT: Putting aside whether you allege that it 21 was Mr. Shah, is it your suggestion that circumstantially it 22 appears that there was a common source of this idea? 23 MR. WEINSTEIN: It certainly does appear that way, and 24 so I think it's an educated guess that for at least many of 25

these, there is a common link; maybe not all, but for many.

THE COURT: So is discovery likely to pursue the question of the source of the idea or are you just fighting the refund issues?

MR. WEINSTEIN: No, I think discovery is meant to address both, one of fighting the refunds with the named defendants but also determining if there are unnamed parties out there who should be sued.

May I also just add, your Honor, because you had asked me earlier about commonalities or differences.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. WEINSTEIN: I think we've been addressing the factual issues. As far as potential differences, just on the legal issues, is the fact that the claims here are state law claims, so while they are all similar in the various districts, there may be, based on choice of law, different state laws applying I think to claims brought in the different courts.

THE COURT: There might be an argument that Danish law applies, mightn't there?

MR. WEINSTEIN: There might be, but I just want to bring to your Honor's attention --

THE COURT: No, no. I appreciate that you did that.

So potential differences involve scienter on the part of individual defendants, as to the fraud count, not necessarily on other counts; potential choice of law problems that may result in different law. Anything else?

1 MR. WEINSTEIN: I think those are the main ones, your 2 Honor. 3 THE COURT: What about you, Mr. Allison? Anything 4 else that I've missed? 5 MR. ALLISON: In terms of differences, your Honor? THE COURT: Yes. 6 7 MR. ALLISON: Again, until we have the opportunity to get into the facts of each defense situation, I think we're 8 9 unable to identify that at this point. 10 THE COURT: Okay. Now is there any reason why at 11 least all of the cases before me should not be consolidated for 12 pretrial purposes? 13 Not from our perspective, your Honor. MR. WEINSTEIN: 14 MR. ALLISON: I think we're comfortable with that, 15 your Honor, at least at this point, and pending the outcome of a motion to dismiss. 16 17 THE COURT: Pending the outcome of? MR. ALLISON: The motion to dismiss. 18 19 THE COURT: Okay. How many defense counsel, all 20 told -- different firms, I don't mean different human beings --21 represent defendants in the 49 cases before me? 22 MR. WEINSTEIN: I believe it's four. And there is 23 only one defendant in any of those cases who has not had an 24 appearance made by defense counsel. And I can tell your Honor

which case that is. It's the case against the Raubritter, LLC

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1 pension plan. 2 THE COURT: Hit me again with that, please. 3 MR. WEINSTEIN: Yeah. It's the Raubritter, LLC 4 pension plan, R-A-U-B-R-I-T-T-E-R. The civil number is 04833. 5 THE COURT: Can't be 04. 6 MR. WEINSTEIN: I'm sorry. I mean, it's 18, but after 7 the CV is --THE COURT: Okay. After the CV, 04? 8 9 MR. WEINSTEIN: 04833. The individual defendant in 10 that case, Adam LaRosa, has been served. He has counsel 11 representing him here today, Mr. Spiro, but my understanding is 12 that he's not appearing for the plan. And so that's the only 13 defendant that has no counsel appearing and that we have not been able to serve yet, and I believe Mr. Spiro is not 14 15 authorized to accept service. So that's the only outlier for 16 the 49 cases. 17 THE COURT: Not authorized to accept service on behalf 18 of the plan, is that right? MR. WEINSTEIN: That's what I understand. 19

THE COURT: Okay. How many different federal judges have at least one of these cases before them?

MR. WEINSTEIN: Eleven.

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THE COURT: Well, it's eleven districts. Are there multiple cases all assigned to a single judge in each district?

MR. WEINSTEIN: I believe so, your Honor. Excuse me.

I believe so, your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. WEINSTEIN: If your Honor would like, obviously I can't do it now, but we can submit to the Court a list of all the cases that are pending in the federal courts.

THE COURT: Yes, that would certainly be helpful.

MR. WEINSTEIN: And the assigned judges and the districts.

THE COURT: That's great.

Now what I'm inclined to do is to consolidate all 49 of the cases before me for pretrial purposes, to set a motion schedule for the motion to dismiss so we can get that on and decided as soon as we can, reasonably. I'll take a look at the discovery schedule and the case schedule you've proposed, but nothing crazy jumped out at me when I just ran my eye over it. And get that on file this week.

And I simply express my view that it probably doesn't make a whole lot of sense to brief and argue what sounds to me like essentially the same motion to dismiss in two or four or eight different districts with ten or eleven different districts. I suppose you could do that if you want, but I don't know what the point of it is, frankly. Very expensive for sure, and potentially chaotic, because if there are dismissals in some districts and denials in other districts, you could find yourself in I'm not sure how many different

circuits at the same time, and it's a recipe for big legal bills and uncertainty. I know that doesn't break the hearts of all the lawyers in the audience. I haven't forgotten those days myself.

Okay. Anything else anybody wants to say or tell me or do to educate me?

MR. WEINSTEIN: Your Honor, I'm not sure I can do any more education, but as far as the schedule goes, in order to meet at least the schedule we proposed, it's our understanding that discovery should proceed as it would in a normal case, and I understand they're going to make motions but that there's no reason to hold off on discovery here.

THE COURT: Mr. Allison?

MR. ALLISON: Mr. Weinstein has accurately predicted our concern here. We would like to stay discovery.

Particularly given the fact that this is, in our view, a revenue-rule-based issue on a motion to dismiss, seems we're jumping the gun to engage in discovery.

In particular, I just want to note, your Honor, that because of the ongoing administrative proceedings going on in Denmark, we equally have a concern about discovery at this point being used to develop cases in Denmark, so we would very much prefer, as well as from a resource perspective, to hold back discovery at this point.

THE COURT: Well, the first part of your argument, I

understand, and I suppose it would not hurt -- although I'll hear from Mr. Weinstein about it -- to hold off till say the third week in August on discovery and then let me see the motion and see what I think about it, and I could reconsider the question of whether to let discovery go ahead once I read it.

This subject, I'm sure you all know, because of the RJR case is not new to me, and it's an interesting twist on the RJR case, and I'm not sure which way it comes out, but I'll have a better idea when I read the defendants' papers. And any reason why we shouldn't hold off for whatever it is, six weeks or so? And I wouldn't stop you from serving requests, and if there are any reasons that something had to be preserved in the interim, like a witness was sick or something, we could always make exceptions like that, but then let me look at the motion and we can make another call on it at that point.

MR. WEINSTEIN: Yes and no. If we're talking -- we are not intending to, you know, take depositions by mid August so that if that's the issue, of course, that's not a problem, and we do need some time to serve discovery requests. What I wouldn't want to happen is them to just delay starting to prepare responses or what have you or get documents together because they're assuming there's a stay. Because --

THE COURT: Well, but you made a very good point, and I'm sorry to interrupt. But are there any outstanding document

requests or interrogatories yet?

MR. WEINSTEIN: There are not, your Honor.

THE COURT: So it's going to take you at least two weeks to put them together, right? So we're after the Fourth of July before they go out. And responses wouldn't be due until after the 4th of August. So what are we talking about here, two weeks?

MR. WEINSTEIN: No. And what I mean by that is, then they'll file their motions, and what we don't want to hear, if your Honor agrees that discovery should go forward, is, we need an additional month or so to respond than we otherwise would have because we haven't been doing anything because we're hoping there's a stay.

THE COURT: Look, I think the way to deal with that is as follows. You can serve your requests and the defense will respond in the ordinary course, 30 days, or whatever else you agree to, after you get the requests. I'm talking about the written discovery. The question of when you will produce the documents, assuming discovery is going to go forward after the middle of August, is a separate question from your getting your written responses to the document requests and any objections there may be to the interrogatories, if there are any, served. What about that?

MR. WEINSTEIN: I think that makes sense.

Let me just add, just so your Honor understands, at

least one of our concerns with delay is that, as we discussed earlier, there are potentially additional parties here to join.

THE COURT: I understand.

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MR. WEINSTEIN: We put a proposed schedule for that in the order, which assumes the at least receipt of all the documents from defendants so that we can make that determination, at least from the documents, and we don't want to delay that either, so we'd like to pursue those parties if they exist, and we'll need the discovery to do that.

THE COURT: Well, sure, I understand that. But I think that's not inconsistent, given where we are on the calendar right now and the built-in periods of time that are needed to formulate the discovery requests and to get any objections on file. There's just no inconsistency there. We're talking about a very short period of time to give me the opportunity to receive and look at the motion papers on the motion to dismiss and make a decision about whether I think there's sufficient merit there to delay the actual production of documents and answers to interrogatories pending the outcome of the motion or not. And nobody should necessarily understand that a ruling to stay -- we'll wait for the actual production of information or that we're not going to wait -- as being a ruling on the motion on the merits. It's going to be a practical assessment of what I think is practical among all the circumstances.

Now the second part of what you said, Mr. Allison, had to do with use of any discovery in respect of whatever is going on in Denmark. Given what I've laid out, I think at least for the moment that's academic, right?

MR. ALLISON: Yes, your Honor. Although I do want to clarify your suggestion on what we would do in the interim. If what you meant was that we would provide objections or any objections to the interrogatories during the period prior to the motion, I think that's certainly workable, your Honor. If the corollary to that was that we do not provide responses to the interrogatories and document production until after you've had a chance to evaluate or initially evaluate the motion, I think that's a workable —

THE COURT: That's exactly what I had in mind.

MR. ALLISON: Great. Yeah.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. If there's nothing else then, I will put this together into an order and we'll see where we go.

And you know the multidistrict panel, with which I have some vague familiarity, doesn't necessarily move with high speed. There are two-month intervals between hearings. And so if there's going to be such an application, the sooner it gets on file, the better off everybody is from the standpoint of moving all the cases forward.

Okay. Anything else?

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               MR. WEINSTEIN: Not from plaintiff, your Honor. Thank
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      you.
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               MR. ALLISON: No, your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
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               THE DEPUTY CLERK: All rise.
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